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CND-N-023

Prepared	<u>to OSHA, ACC,</u>	ANSI and W	'HMIS Standards

MSDS Revision Date 11/01/2002

		1. F	RODUC	CT IDENTI	FICATIO	N			
1.1	Product Name:								
	SEA ROCKS SOAK								
1.2	Chemical Name:								
	BOTANICAL OIL/SALT MIXTURE								
1.3	Synonyms: NONE								
1.4	Trade Names:								
	li dae mamesi								
1.5	Product Use:								
	COSMETIC USE ONLY								
1.6	Manufacturer's Name:  CREATIVE NAIL DESIGN, INC.								
1.7	Manufacturer's Address:								
	1125 JOSHUA WAY, VISTA, CA U	.S.A., 92083							
1.8	Emergency Phone:								
	ROCKY MOUNTAIN POISC	N CONTROL (	CENTER:	1-303	3-623-57°	16			
1.9	Business Phone:								
	1-800-833-NAIL (6245)								
	2	COMPOSI	TION 9	INCPEDI	ENIT INIE	O PAA A TIO	N		
	2.	COMI OSI		INGKLDI	LINI IINI			ID.	
				ACGIH		EXPOSURE	EXPOSURE LIMITS IN AIR OSHA		
				TLV	STEL	PEL	STEL	IDLH	OTHER
	CHEMICAL NAME(S)	CAS NO.	%	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	
DEAD	SEA SALTS	7647-14-5	> 80.0	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	
EUC/	ALYPTUS OIL	8000-48-4	5 - 10	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	
RICE	BRAN OIL	68553-81-1	< 5.0	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	
coc	AMIDE DEA	68603-42-9	< 2.0	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	
АМО	PRPHOUS SILICA	7631-86-9	< 2.0	6 mg/m³	NE	80 mg/m <sup>3</sup> /% SiO <sub>2</sub>	NE	NE	
	ER COMPONENTS PRESENT IN LESS		BALANCE	THE REMAIN			NOT CO	NTRIBUTE ANY	SIGNIFICANT
			+						
			+						
			+						

NA = Not Available; ND = Not Determined; NE = Not Established; C = Ceiling Limit; See Section 16 for Additional Definitions of Terms Used NOTE: all WHMIS required information is included. It is located in appropriate sections based on the ANSI Z400.1-1998 format.



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			3. HAZARD	IDENTI	FICATION				
3.1	Hazard Identificati	on:							
3.2	Routes of Entry:		Inhalation:	NO	Absorption:	NO	Ingestion:	YES	
3.3	Effects of Exposure INGESTION: SKIN & EYES: INHALATION:	If product is swallowed, Mildly to moderately in prolonged contact. Inhalation is unlikely, ho	ritating to the eyes.	May be	irritating to skin i			ally after	
3.4	Symptoms of Overexposure:  Symptoms of overexposure may include redness, itching, and irritation.								
3.5	Acute Health Effects:  Redness, itching, and irritation of skin at the site of contact for some sensitive individuals. May cause excessive bowel movements following ingestion.								
3.6	Chronic Health Efforms to Chronic health following inge	ealth effects are known	n, although symptom	s and dis	comfort may oc	cur for severo	ıl days following over	exposure	
3.7	Target Organs:  Eyes, skin and	respiratory system.							
			4. FIRST A	AID ME	ASURES				
4.1	First Aid:  INGESTION: If ingested, do not induce vomiting. Drink plenty of water or milk IMMEDIATELY. If the patient is vomiting, continue to offer plenty of water or milk. Never give water or milk to an unconscious person. Contact Rocky Mountain Poison Control at 1-303-623-5716 or the nearest Poison Control Center or local emergency number. Provide an estimate of the time and amount of the substance that was swallowed.  EYES & SKIN: If product gets in the eyes, flush with copious amounts of lukewarm water for at least 15 minutes. Open and close eyelid(s) to ensure thorough irrigation. If irritation occurs, contact a physician. If redness, dryness or other signs of								
	irritation to the skin develop, wash affected skin areas with plenty of warm water and soap. Do not wear contaminated clothing until it has been properly cleaned. If irritation persists, consult a physician.  INHALATION: Remove victim to fresh air at once. If breathing stops, perform artificial respiration at once. Seek immediate medical								
4.2	Medical Condition	attention.  Is Aggravated by Exposure:				HEALTH	DILITY	1	
						FLAMMA REACTIV		0	
							IVE EQUIPMENT		
					<u>'</u>				



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#### 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES 5.1 Flashpoint & Method: ND 5.2 Autoignition Temperature: ND 5.3 Flammability Limits: NA Lower Explosive Limit (LEL): Upper Explosive Limit (UEL): 5.4 Fire & Explosion Hazards: RED = FLAMMABILITY This product must be substantially pre-heated before ignition can occur. BLUE = HEALTH YELLOW = REACTIVITY 5.5 Extinguishing Methods WHITE = SPECIAL MEASURES Water, Foam, CO<sub>2</sub>, Dry Chemical 0 0 = NO HAZARD 5.6 Firefighting Procedures: 1 = MINIMAL HAZARD 2= SLIGHT HAZARD Wear protective clothing and NIOSH-approved self-contained breathing apparatus if 3 = MODERATE HAZARD needed. 4 = SEVERE HAZARD

### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Spills

Before cleaning any spill or leak, individuals involved in spill cleanup must wear appropriate Personal Protective Equipment.

For small spills (e.g., <1 gallon) wear appropriate personal protective equipment (e.g., goggles, gloves). Maximize ventilation (open doors and windows) and secure all sources of ignition. Remove spilled material with absorbent material and place into appropriate closed container(s) for disposal. Dispose of properly in accordance with local, state and federal regulations. Wash all affected areas and outside of container with plenty of warm water and soap. Remove any contaminated clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

For spills ≥ 1 gallon, deny entry to all unprotected individuals. Dike and contain spill with inert material (e.g., sand or earth). Use ONLY non-sparking tools for recovery and cleanup. Transfer liquid to containers for recovery or disposal and solid diking material to separate containers for proper disposal. Remove contaminated clothing promptly and wash affected skin areas with soap and water. Keep spills and cleaning runoffs out of municipal sewers and open bodies of water.

### 7. HANDLING & STORAGE INFORMATION

7.1 Work & Hygiene Practices:

Avoid eye contact. Wash all affected areas thoroughly with soap and warm water after use.

7.2 Storage & Handling

Keep this material away from heat, sparks and open flame. If transferring to smaller containers, bond and ground transfer containers. Open containers slowly on a stable surface. Keep container closed tightly when not in use. Empty container may contain residual amounts of this product; therefore, empty containers should be handled with care.

Store containers in a cool, dry location, away from direct sunlight, other light sources, or sources of intense heat. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10, Stability and Reactivity). Material should be stored in secondary containers as appropriate.

7.3 Special Precautions:

Spilled material may present a slipping hazard if left unattended. Clean all spills promptly.

### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS & PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Ventilation & Engineering Controls:

General mechanical (e.g., fans) or natural ventilation is sufficient when this product is in use.

8.2 Respiratory Protection:

None required if used in a well-ventilated area.

8.3 Eye Protection

Avoid eye contact. None required under normal conditions of use. However, may cause irritation in some sensitive individuals. When handling large quantities (e.g.,  $\geq 1$  gallon), safety glasses with side shields should be used.

8.4 Hand Protection

None required under normal conditions of use. However, may cause skin irritation in some sensitive individuals.

When handling large quantities (e.g.,  $\geq$  1 gallon), wear rubber or plastic impervious gloves.

8.5 Body Protection:

No apron required when handling small quantities.

When handling large quantities (e.g., ≥ 1 gallon), eye wash stations and deluge showers should be available. Upon completion of work activities involving large quantities of this product, wash any exposed areas thoroughly with soap and water.



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Pre	pared to OSHA, ACC, AN	ISI and WHMIS Standards MSDS Revision Date 11/01/2002
		9. PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL PROPERTIES
9.1	Density:	ND
9.2	Boiling Point:	ND ND
9.3	Melting Point:	
		ND
9.4	Evaporation Rate:	< 1 (N-BuAc = 1)
9.5	Vapor Pressure:	ND
9.6	Molecular Weight:	ND
9.7	Appearance & Color:	Clear, green mixture of oils and salt crystals with a minty odor.
9.8	Odor Threshold:	ND
9.9	Solubility:	Mostly soluble.
9.10	рН	ND
9.11	Viscosity:	ND
9.12	Other Information:	NA NA
		I II A
		10. STABILITY & REACTIVITY
10.1	Stability:	Stable under ambient conditions.
10.2	Hazardous Decomposition Products:	NA .
10.3	Hazardous Polymerization:	Will not occur.
10.4	Conditions to Avoid:	Exposure or contact with extreme temperatures, sparks, flames or incompatible materials.
10.5	Incompatible Substances:	Strong oxidizers.
		onong oxidizers.
		11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION
11.1	Toxicity Data:	This product has not been tested on animals to obtain toxicological data. There are toxicology date for the components of this product, which are found in the scientific literature. These data have no been presented in this document.
11.2	Acute Toxicity:	See Section 3.5
11.3	Chronic Toxicity:	See Section 3.6
11.4	Suspected Carcinogen:	NE NE
11.5	Reproductive Toxicity:	None
	Mutagenicity:	This product is not reported to produce mutagenic effects in humans.
		This product is not reported to produce embryotoxic effects in humans.
	Embryotoxicity:	
	Embryotoxicity: Teratogenicity:	This product is not reported to produce teratogenic effects in humans.
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	This product is not reported to produce teratogenic effects in humans.  This product is not reported to produce reproductive effects in humans.
11.6	Teratogenicity:	
11.6 11.7	Teratogenicity: Reproductive Toxicity:	This product is not reported to produce reproductive effects in humans.



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		12. ECOLOGICAL INFO	RMATION
12.1	Environmental Stability:	This product will slowly volatile from soil. Comcompounds.	ponents of this product will slowly decompose into organic
12.2	Effects on Plants & Animals:	There is no specific data available for this pro-	duct.
12.3	Effects on Aquatic Life:	·	fatal to overexposed aquatic life. Aquatic toxicity data for
		components of this product are available, but	are not presented in this MSDS.
		13. DISPOSAL CONSIDE	RATIONS
13.1	Waste Disposal:	10. DISTOSAL CONSIDE	
	•	n accordance with appropriate Federal, state, and	d local regulations.
13.2	Special Considerations:		•
	None.		
		14. TRANSPORTATION INF	ORMATION
		shipping name, hazard class & division, ID Number tion may be required by 49 CFR, IATA/ICAO, IMDG	, packing group) is shown for each mode of transportation. and the CTDGR.
14.1	49 CFR (GND):		
	NOT REGULATED		
14.2	IATA (AIR):		
140	NOT REGULATED		
14.3	IMDG (OCN): NOT REGULATED		
14.4	TDGR (Canadian GND):		
	NOT REGULATED		
		15. REGULATORY INFO	RMATION
15.1	SARA Reporting Requirements:  Not applicable.		
15.2	SARA Threshold Planning Quantit	y:	
	Not applicable.		
15.3	TSCA Inventory Status:		
15.		roduct are listed in the TSCA Inventory.	
15.4	CERCLA Reportable Quantity (RC	য়): Quantities for any of the components of this produ	ct
15.5	Other Federal Requirements:	Quantines for any of the components of this produ	UI.
	Not applicable.		
15.6	Other Canadian Regulations:		
		lassified according to the hazard criteria of the C information required by the CPR.	PR and the
15.7	State Regulatory Information:		
	·		



Torrance, CA 90504 310-370-3600 phone 310-370-5700 fax

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## **MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET**

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	16. OTHER INFORMATION						
16.1	.1 Other Information:						
	Use only as directed. Keep out of reach of children. Do not allow product to come in contact with sensitive areas of the body. eye contact. If contact occurs, flush eye thoroughly with running water for at least 15 minutes. Seek medical attention. If redrother signs of adverse reaction occur, discontinue use immediately and thoroughly rinse affected area.						
16.2 Terms & Definitions:							
	See page 7 of this MSDS.						
16.3	.3 Disclaimer:						
	This Material Safety Data Sheet is offered pursuant to OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR §1910.1200. government regulations must be reviewed for applicability to this product. To the best of ShipMate's & Creative Nail D knowledge, the information contained herein is reliable and accurate as of this date; however, accuracy, suitability or comple are not guaranteed and no warranties of any type, either expressed or implied, are provided. The information contained relates only to the specific product(s). If this product(s) is combined with other materials, all component properties me considered. Data may be changed from time to time. Be sure to consult the latest edition.	esign's teness herein					
16.4	Prepared for: Creative Nail Design, Inc. 1125 Joshua Way Vista, CA 92083 800-833-NAIL (6245) phone 760-599-4005 fax http://www.creativenaildesign.com/						
16.5	.5 Prepared by: ShipMate, Inc. 18436 Hawthorne Blvd, Suite 201						

Training & Consulting



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### **DEFINITIONS OF TERMS**

A large number of abbreviations and acronyms appear on a MSDS. Some of these that are commonly used include the following:

**CAS #:** This is the Chemical Abstract Service Number that uniquely identifies each constituent.

#### **EXPOSURE LIMITS IN AIR:**

**ACGIH** - The American Conference on Governmental Industrial Hygienists, a professional association that establishes exposure limits.

TLV – Threshold Limit Value – an airborne concentration of a substance that represents conditions under which it is generally believed that all workers may be repeatedly exposed without adverse effect. The duration must be considered, including the 8-hour Time Weighted Average (TWA), the 15-minute Short Term Exposure Limit, and the instantaneous Ceiling Level (C). Skin absorption effect must also be considered.

OSHA – U.S. Occupational Safety and Health Administration

**PEL** – Permissible Exposure Limit – This exposure value means exactly the same as TLV, except that it is enforceable by OSHA. The OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits are based in the 1989 PELs and the June 1993 Air Contaminants Rule (Federal Register: 58: 35338-35351 and 58: 40191). Both the current PELs and the vacated PELs are indicated. The phrase "Vacated 1989 PEL," is placed next to the PEL which was vacated by Court Order.

**IDLH** – Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health – This level represents a concentration from which one can escape within 30-minutes without suffering escape-preventing or permanent injury. The **DFG** – **MAK** is the Republic of Germany's Maximum Exposure Level, similar to the U.S. PEL. NIOSH is the National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health, which is the research arm of the U.S. Occupational Safety and Health Administration (**OSHA**). NIOSH issues exposure guidelines called Recommended Exposure Levels (**RELs**). When no exposure guidelines are established; an entry of **NE** is made for reference.

### FIRST AID MEASURES:

**CPR:** Cardiopulmonary resuscitation. Method in which a person whose heart has stopped receives manual chest compressions and breathing to circulate blood and provide oxygen to the body.

### **HAZARD RATINGS:**

HAZARDOUS MATERIALS IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM: This rating system was developed by the National Paint and Coating Association and has been adopted by industry to identify the degree of chemical hazards. Health Hazard: 0 (minimal acute or chronic exposure hazard); 1 (slight acute or chronic exposure hazard); 2 (moderate acute or significant chronic exposure hazard); 3 (severe acute exposure hazard; onetime overexposure can result in permanent injury and may be fatal); 4 (extreme acute exposure hazard; onetime overexposure can be fatal). Flammability hazard: 0 (minimal hazard); 1 (materials that require substantial pre-heating before burning; 2 (combustible liquids or solids; liquids with a flashpoint of 38-93C [100-200F]); 3 (Class 1B and 1C flammable liquids with flash points below 38C [100F]; 4 (Class 1A flammable liquids with flash points below 23C [73F] and boiling points below 38C [100F]. Reactivity Hazard: 0 (normally stable); 1 (materials that can become unstable at elevated temperatures or which can react slightly with water); 2 (materials that are unstable but do not detonate when initiated or which can react violently with water); 3 (materials that can detonate when initiated or which can react explosively with water); 4 (materials that can detonate at normal temperatures or pressures). PPE Rating A: Eye protection is required for routine chemical use.

NATIONAL FIRE PROTECTION ASSOCIATION: <u>Health Hazard</u>: 0 (material that on exposure under fire conditions would offer no hazard beyond that of ordinary combustible materials); 1 (materials that on exposure under fire conditions could cause irritation or minor residual injury); 2 (materials that on intense or continued exposure under fire conditions could cause temporary incapacitation or possible residual injury); 3 (materials that can on short exposure could cause serious temporary or residual injury); 4 (material that under very short exposure could cause death or major residual injury).

<u>Flammability Hazard and Reactivity Hazard</u>: Refer to definitions for "Hazardous Materials Identification System."

#### FLAMMABILITY LIMITS IN AIR:

Much of the information related to fire and explosion is derived from the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA). Flash Point – minimum temperature at which a liquid gives off sufficient vapors to form an ignitable mixture with air. Autoignition Temperature: The minimum temperature required to initiate combustion in air with no other source of ignition. LEL—the lowest percent of vapor in air, by volume, that will explode or ignite in the presence of an ignition source. UEL—the highest percent of vapor in air, by volume, that will explode or ignite in the presence of an ignition source.

#### TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION:

Human and Animal Toxicology: Possible health hazards as derived from human data, animal studies, or from the results of studies with similar compounds are presented. Definitions of some terms use dint his section are: LD<sub>50</sub> – Lethal Dose (solids & liquids) which kills 50% of the exposed animals; LC50 – Lethal concentration (gases) which kills 50% of the exposed animals; ppm - concentration expressed in parts of material per million parts of air or water; mg/m³- concentration expressed in weight of substance per volume of air; mg/kg quantity of material, by weight, administered to a test subject, based on their body weight in kg. Other measures of toxicity include  $\mathbf{TD}_{lo}$ , the lowest dose to cause a symptom and **TCLo** the lowest concentration to cause a symptom;  $\textbf{ID}_{lo}$ ,  $\textbf{LD}_{lo}$ , and  $\textbf{LD}_{o}$ , or IC,  $\textbf{IC}_{o}$ ,  $\textbf{LC}_{lo}$ , and  $\textbf{LC}_{o}$ , the lowest dose (or concentration) to cause lethal or toxic effects. Cancer Information: The sources are: IARC - the International Agency for Research on Cancer; NTP - the National Toxicology Program, RTECS - the Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances, OSHA and CAL/OSHA. IARC and NTP rate chemicals on a scale of decreasing potential to cause human cancer with rankings from 1 to 4. Sub rankings (2A, 2B, etc.) are also used. Other Information: BEI - ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices, represent the levels of determinants which are most likely to be observed in specimens collected from a health worker who has been exposed to chemical to the same extent as a worker with inhalation exposure to the TLV. Ecological Information: EC is the effect concentration in water. BCF - Bioconcentration Factor, which is used to determine if a substance will concentrate in life forms that consume contaminated plant or animal matter.  $TL_m$  - median threshold limit; Coefficient of Oil/Water Distribution is represented by log Kow or log Koc and is used to assess a substance's behavior in the environment.

### REGULATORY INFORMATION:

**U.S. and CANADA:** This section explains the impact of various laws and regulation of the material. **EPA** is the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. **WHMIS** is the Canadian Workplace Hazardous Material Information System. **DOT** and **TC** are the U.S. Department of Transportation and Transport Canada, respectively. Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (**SARA**); the Canadian Domestic/Non-Domestic Substance List (**DSL/NDSL**); the U.S. Toxic Substance Control Act (**TSCA**); Marine Pollutant status according to the DOT; the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (**CERCLA or Superfund**); and various state regulations. This section also includes information on the precautionary warnings that appear on the material's package label.

**EUROPEAN and INTERNATIONAL: EC** is the European Community, formerly known as the EEC, European Economic Community). **EINECS:** This is the European Inventory of Now-Existing Chemical Substances. **AICS** is the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances. **MITI** is the Japanese Minister of International Trade and Industry. **ECL** is the Korean Existing Chemicals List. **IMO** is the International Maritime Organization and **IATA** is the International Air Transport Association. The **ARD** is the European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road and the **RID** are the International Regulations Concerning the Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail.

